Virginia Statewide Cyclosporiasis Outbreak Investigation - 2019



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Infection of the intestine caused by a parasite called *Cyclospora*.





2019 Statewide Situation

- Began seeing an increase in cyclosporiasis cases around mid-July 2019
- Individual outbreaks were reported
 - Several workplace cafeterias
 - Two weddings
 - Restaurant
- Statewide press release issued on July 25, 2019



2019 SURVEILLANCE DATA VIRGINIA



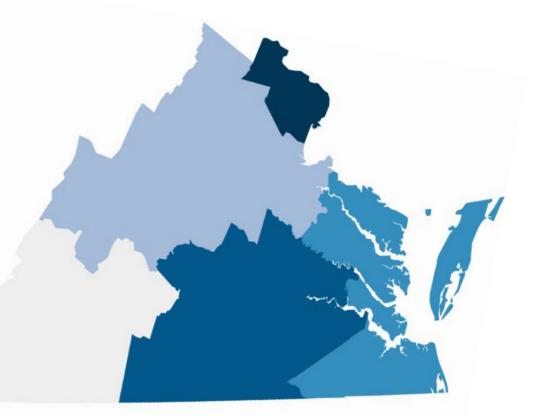
Statewide Surveillance Data - 2019

Outcomes	N (%)
Total cases	204
Laboratory confirmed	109 (53%)
Probable	95 (47%)
Age (Years)	
Range	13 - 86
Median	45
Sex	
Female	124 (61%)
Male	80 (39%)
Hospitalized	3 (1%)



Virginia Case Count Map

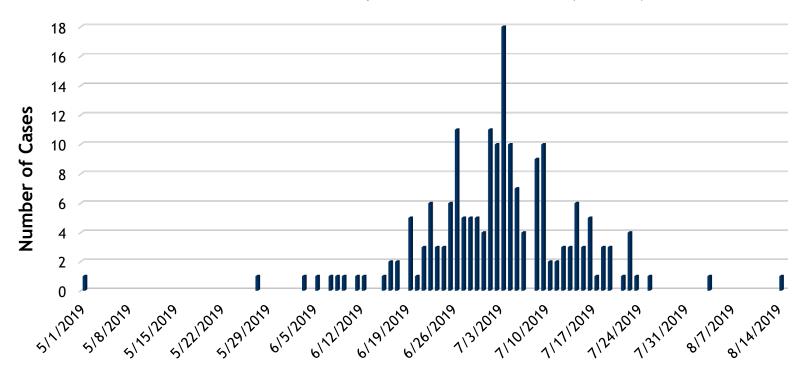
Northern region
Central region
Eastern region
Northwest region
Southwest region





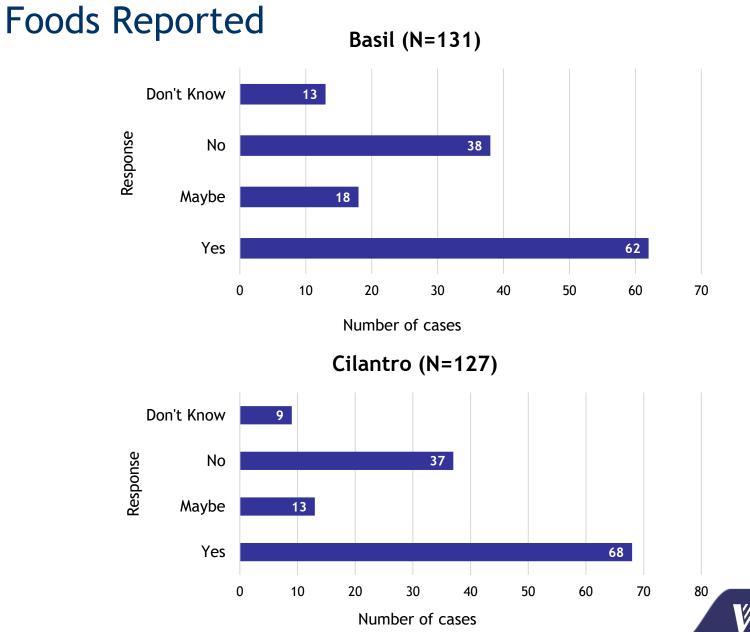
Epidemic Curve

Number of Cases by Illness Onset Date (N=190)



Illness Onset Date

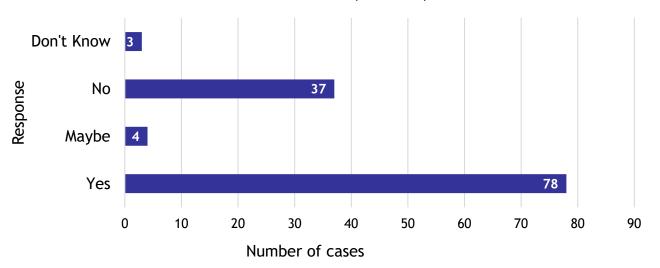




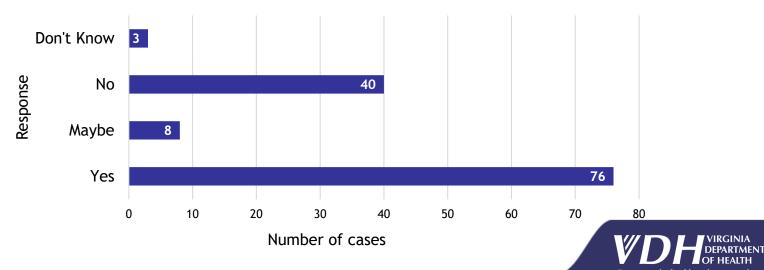


Foods Reported

Strawberries (N=122)



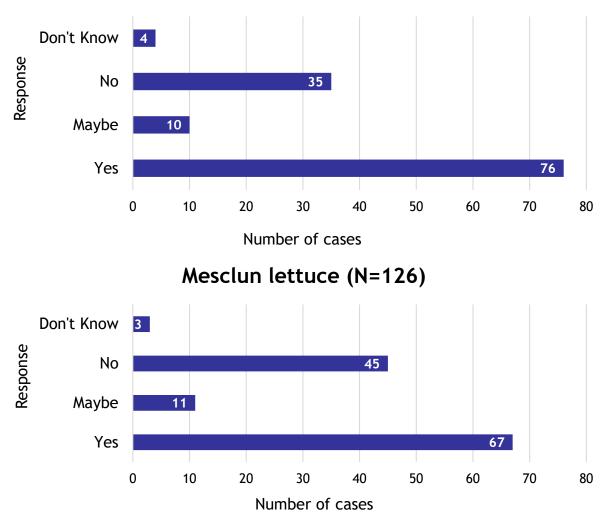
Blueberries (N=127)



To protect the health and promote the well-being of all people in Virginia.

Foods Reported

Romaine lettuce (N=125)





NATIONAL CYCLOSPORIASIS OUTBREAK INVESTIGATION



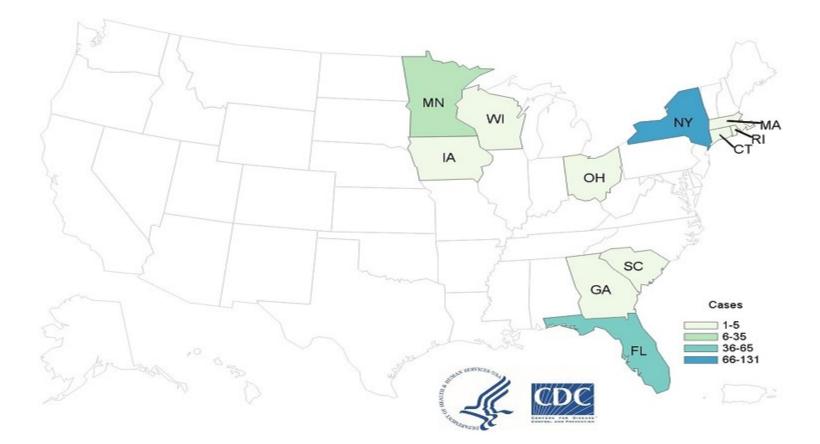
2019 Nationwide Outbreak



- 241 laboratory-confirmed cases from 11 states
 - Exposures occurred in 5 states
- Epidemiologic and traceback evidence indicated fresh basil from Mexico as a likely source of this outbreak.
 - Recall of fresh basil issued on July 24, 2019

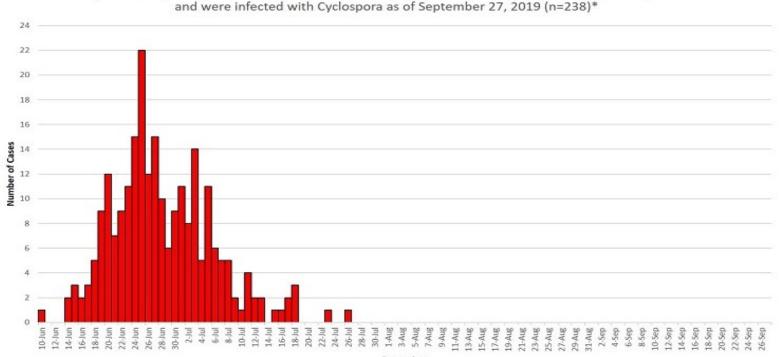


Nationwide Case Count Map





Nationwide Outbreak Epidemic Curve



People who reportedly consumed fresh basil from Siga Logistics de RL de CV located in Morelos, Mexico and were infected with Cyclospora as of September 27, 2019 (n=238)*

Onset date



VIDHOPHON DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH To protect the health and promote the well-being of all people in Virginia.





Rapid Response Team Activation

July 17, 2019

Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

Virginia Department of Health (VDH) -Environmental Health



Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (VDACS) Food Safety Program Division of Consolidated Laboratory Services (DCLS)

Virginia Department of Health (VDH) -Foodborne Epidemiology



Reported July 17, 2019

Over 500 potentially exposed



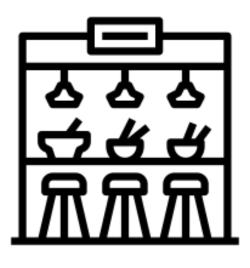
106 cases (confirmed & probable)

Large workplace cafeteria



Reported July 17, 2019

Over 500 potentially exposed



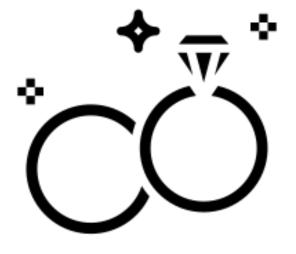
77 cases (confirmed & probable)

Two different workplace cafeterias



Reported July 24, 2019

250 potentially exposed



30 attendees reported illness

Wedding reception



Reported July 26, 2019

Group of 5 exposed



4 cases (confirmed & probable)

Restaurant associated



Reported August 6, 2019

250 potentially exposed



13 cases (confirmed & probable)

Wedding reception



Conclusions

- Time between exposure and illness reporting for some of these outbreaks limited potential public health response and control measures
- Traceback investigation
 - 4/5 food establishments/caterers involved in these outbreaks had the same produce distributor
- Over 200 cases potentially linked to these outbreaks
- Dishes containing fresh basil and other fresh herbs were served at all of these events linked to the outbreaks
- Outbreaks likely due to consumption of fresh basil



Questions



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